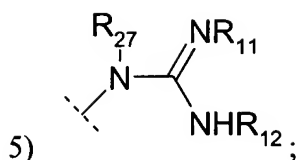


4) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;



R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are i selected from the group consisting of

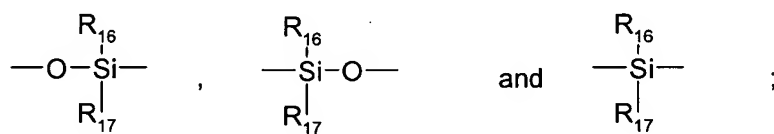
- a) H;
- b) -aryl;
- c) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- d) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl; and
- e) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxyaryl;

R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, and R<sub>8</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of

- a) -H;
- b) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- c) -aryl;
- d) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- e) -C(O)-O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- f) -C(O)-O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- g) -C(O)-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- h) -C(O)-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- i) -SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- j) -SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- k) -SO<sub>2</sub>-aryl;
- l) -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- m) -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;

- n) -C(O)-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- o) -C(O)-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- p) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- q) -Y-aryl;
- r) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- s) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene-NR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>;
- t) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene-W-R<sub>15</sub>;

wherein Y and W are independently selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N(H)-, -S-, SO<sub>2</sub>-, -CON(H)-, -NHC(O)-, -NHCON(H)-, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(H)-, -C(O)-O-, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -O-CO-,



wherein R<sub>16</sub> and R<sub>17</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyaryl;

R<sub>15</sub> is aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaryl; and

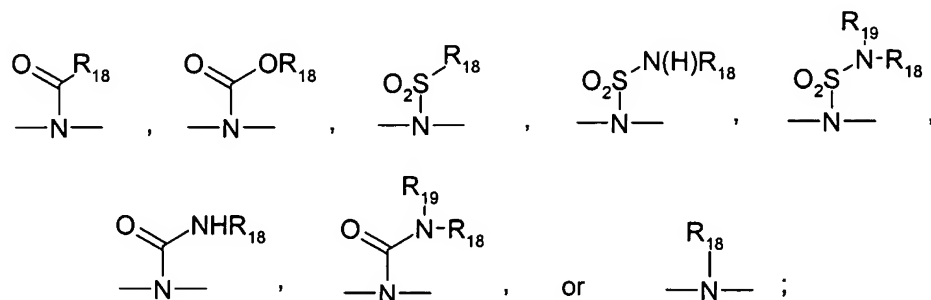
- u) halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, carbamoyl, and carboxyl;

wherein at least one of R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, and R<sub>8</sub> is -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene-NR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>, and

R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>12</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, and R<sub>14</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyaryl; or

R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>14</sub> are taken together to form a ring having the formula -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>o</sub>-X-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>p</sub>- bonded to the nitrogen atom to which R<sub>13</sub> and R<sub>14</sub> are attached, and/or R<sub>11</sub> and R<sub>12</sub> are

taken together to form a ring having the formula  $-(CH_2)_o-X-(CH_2)_p-$  bonded to the atoms to which  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  are connected, wherein  $o$  and  $p$  are, independently, 1, 2, 3, or 4;  $X$  is a direct bond,  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-O-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $-S(O_2)-$ ,  $-C(O)-$ ,  $-CON(H)-$ ,  $-NHC(O)-$ ,  $-NHCON(H)-$ ,  $-NHSO_2-$ ,  $-SO_2N(H)-$ ,  $-C(O)-O-$ ,  $-O-C(O)-$ ,  $-NHSO_2NH-$ ,

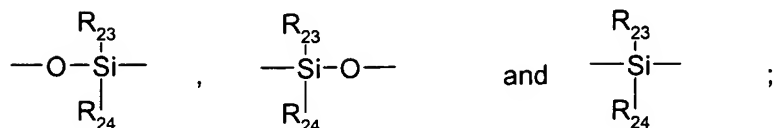


wherein  $R_{18}$  and  $R_{19}$  are alkyl or aryl; and

wherein the aryl and/or alkyl group(s) in  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ ,  $R_3$ ,  $R_5$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$ ,  $R_8$ ,  $R_9$ ,  $R_{10}$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_{13}$ ,  $R_{14}$ ,  $R_{15}$ ,  $R_{16}$ ,  $R_{17}$ ,  $R_{18}$ , and  $R_{19}$  may be optionally substituted 1-4 times with a substituent group, wherein said substituent group(s) or the term substituted refers to groups selected from the group consisting of:

- a)  $-H$ ;
- b)  $-Z-C_{1-6}$  alkyl;
- $-Z$ -aryl;
- $-Z-C_{1-6}$  alkylaryl;
- $-Z-C_{1-6}$ -alkyl- $NR_{20}R_{21}$ ;
- $-Z-C_{1-6}$ -alkyl- $W-R_{22}$ ;

wherein  $Z$  and  $W$  are independently selected from the group consisting of  $-CH_2-$ ,  $-O-$ ,  $-N(H)-$ ,  $-S-$ ,  $SO_2-$ ,  $-CON(H)-$ ,  $-NHC(O)-$ ,  $-NHCON(H)-$ ,  $-NHSO_2-$ ,  $-SO_2N(H)-$ ,  $-C(O)-O-$ ,  $-NHSO_2NH-$ ,  $-O-CO-$ ,



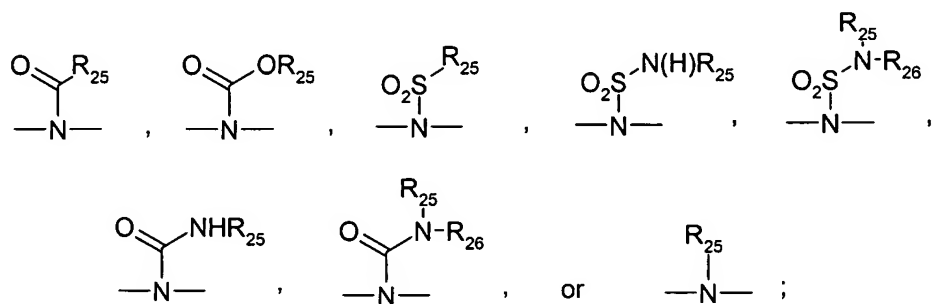
wherein;

$\text{R}_{22}$ ,  $\text{R}_{23}$ , and  $\text{R}_{24}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of aryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkylaryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxy, and  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxyaryl;

c) halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, and carbamoyl; and

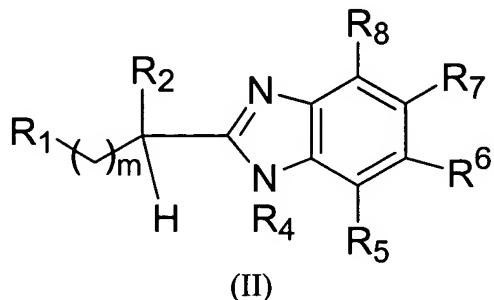
wherein  $\text{R}_{20}$  and  $\text{R}_{21}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkylaryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxy, and  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxyaryl; or

$\text{R}_{20}$  and  $\text{R}_{21}$  are taken together to form a ring having the formula  $-(\text{CH}_2)_q\text{-X-(CH}_2)_r\text{-}$  bonded to the nitrogen atom to which  $\text{R}_{20}$  and  $\text{R}_{21}$  are attached wherein  $q$  and  $r$  are, independently, 1, 2, 3, or 4;  $\text{X}$  is a direct bond,  $-\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{O}-$ ,  $-\text{S}-$ ,  $-\text{S}(\text{O}_2)-$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$ ,  $-\text{CON}(\text{H})-$ ,  $-\text{NHC}(\text{O})-$ ,  $-\text{NHCON}(\text{H})-$ ,  $-\text{NH}\text{SO}_2-$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2\text{N}(\text{H})-$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{O}-$ ,  $-\text{O}-\text{C}(\text{O})-$ ,  $-\text{NH}\text{SO}_2\text{NH}-$ ,



~~$\text{R}_{25}$ ,  $\text{R}_{26}$ , and  $\text{R}_{27}$~~   $\text{R}_{25}$  and  $\text{R}_{26}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl, and  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkylaryl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or prodrug thereof.

2. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim 1, wherein m is an integer of from 0 to 3;  
n is 0; R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen as represented by the formula (II)



and wherein

R<sub>1</sub> is an aryl group;

R<sub>2</sub> is a group of the formula -N(R<sub>9</sub>R<sub>10</sub>), -NHC(O)R<sub>9</sub>, or -NHC(O)OR<sub>9</sub>;

wherein R<sub>9</sub> and R<sub>10</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of

- 1) -H;
- 2) -Aryl;
- 3) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl; and
- 4) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;

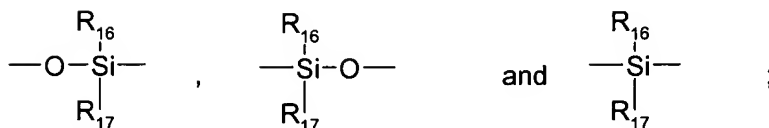
R<sub>4</sub> is

- a) H;
- b) -aryl;
- c) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- d) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl; or
- e) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxyaryl;

R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, and R<sub>8</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of

- a) -H;
- b) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- c) -aryl;
- d) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- e) -C(O)-O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- f) -C(O)-O-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- g) -C(O)-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- h) -C(O)-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- i) -SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- j) -SO<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- k) -SO<sub>2</sub>-aryl;
- l) -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- m) -SO<sub>2</sub>-NH-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl
- n) -C(O)-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- o) -C(O)-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- p) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- q) -Y-aryl;
- r) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;
- s) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene-NR<sub>13</sub>R<sub>14</sub>;
- t) -Y-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylene-W-R<sub>15</sub>;

wherein Y and W are independently selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N(H)-, -S-, SO<sub>2</sub>-, -CON(H)-, -NHC(O)-, -NHCON(H)-, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(H)-, -C(O)-O-, -NHCO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -O-CO-,



wherein  $\text{R}_{16}$  and  $\text{R}_{17}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of aryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkylaryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxy, and  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxyaryl;

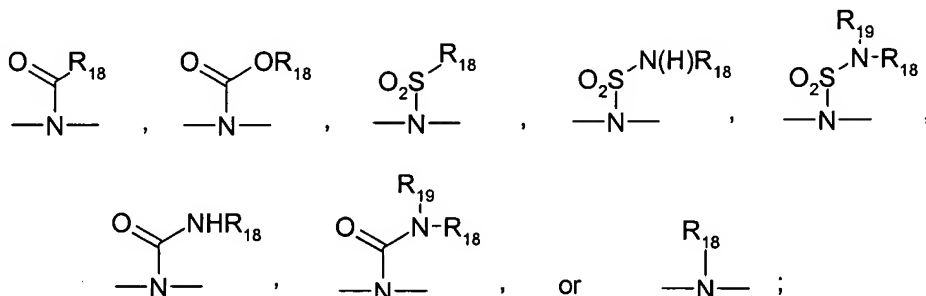
$\text{R}_{15}$  is aryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl, or  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkylaryl, and

u) halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, carbamoyl, and carboxyl;

wherein at least one of  $\text{R}_5$ ,  $\text{R}_6$ ,  $\text{R}_7$ , and  $\text{R}_8$  is  $-\text{Y}-\text{C}_{1-6}$  alkylene- $\text{N}-\text{R}_{13}\text{R}_{14}$ ,

$\text{R}_{13}$ , and  $\text{R}_{14}$  are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkyl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkylaryl,  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxy, and  $\text{C}_1$ - $\text{C}_6$  alkoxyaryl; or

$\text{R}_{13}$  and  $\text{R}_{14}$  are together to form a ring having the formula  $-(\text{CH}_2)_o-\text{X}-(\text{CH}_2)_p-$  bonded to the nitrogen atom to which  $\text{R}_{13}$  and  $\text{R}_{14}$  are attached, wherein  $o$  and  $p$  are, independently, 1, 2, 3, or 4;  $\text{X}$  is a direct bond,  $-\text{CH}_2-$ ,  $-\text{O}-$ ,  $-\text{S}-$ ,  $-\text{S}(\text{O}_2)-$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$ ,  $-\text{CON}(\text{H})-$ ,  $-\text{NHC}(\text{O})-$ ,  $-\text{NHCON}(\text{H})-$ ,  $-\text{NHSO}_2-$ ,  $-\text{SO}_2\text{N}(\text{H})-$ ,  $-\text{C}(\text{O})-\text{O}-$ ,  $-\text{O}-\text{C}(\text{O})-$ ,  $-\text{NHSO}_2\text{NH}-$ ,



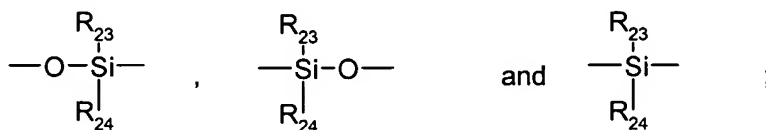
wherein  $\text{R}_{18}$  and  $\text{R}_{19}$  are alkyl or aryl; and



and wherein the aryl and/or alkyl group(s) in R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>7</sub>, R<sub>8</sub>, R<sub>9</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>, R<sub>13</sub>, R<sub>14</sub>, R<sub>15</sub>, R<sub>16</sub>, R<sub>17</sub>, R<sub>18</sub>, and R<sub>19</sub> may be optionally substituted 1-4 times with a substituent group, wherein said substituent group(s) or the term substituted refers to groups selected from the group consisting of:

- a) -H;
- b) -Z-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;  
 -Z-aryl;  
 -Z-C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl;  
 -Z-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl-NR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>;  
 -Z-C<sub>1-6</sub>-alkyl-W-R<sub>22</sub>;

wherein Z and W are independently selected from the group consisting of -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -N(H)-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -CON(H)-, -NHC(O)-, -NHCON(H)-, -NHOSO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(H)-, -C(O)-O-, -NHOSO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -O-CO-,



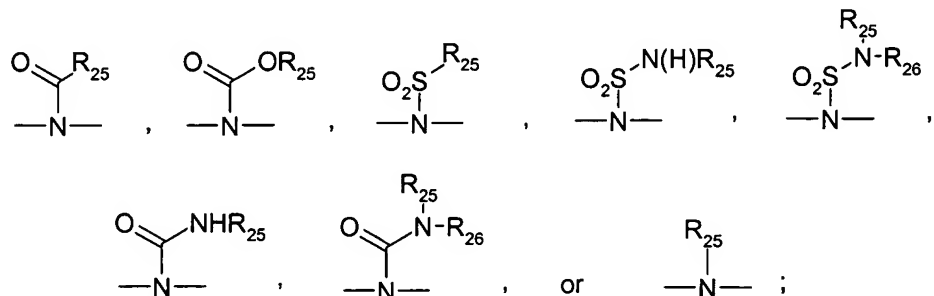
wherein;

R<sub>22</sub>, R<sub>23</sub>, and R<sub>24</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyaryl;

- c) halogen, hydroxyl, cyano, and carbamoyl; and

wherein R<sub>20</sub> and R<sub>21</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxyaryl; or

R<sub>20</sub> and R<sub>21</sub> are taken together to form a ring having the formula -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-X-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>- bonded to the nitrogen atom to which R<sub>20</sub> and R<sub>21</sub> are attached wherein q and r are, independently, 1, 2, 3, or 4; X is a direct bond, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -S-, -S(O<sub>2</sub>)-, -C(O)-, -CON(H)-, -NHC(O)-, -NHCON(H)-, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>N(H)-, -C(O)-O-, -O-C(O)-, -NHSO<sub>2</sub>NH-,



R<sub>25</sub> and R<sub>26</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkyl, and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylaryl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or prodrug thereof.

3. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-1-ethyl]-3-butyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

4. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-amino-1-ethyl]-3-butyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole Trihydrochloride.

5. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-1-ethyl]-3-butyl-6-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

6. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-amino-1-ethyl]-3-butyl-6-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

7. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-1-ethyl]-6-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

8. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-amino-1-ethyl]-6-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

9. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[2-(3-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-1-ethyl]-3-butyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

10. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Ethoxyphenyl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-1-ethyl]-3-butyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

11. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-(4-Chloro)phenethoxy)phenyl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-1-ethyl]-3-butyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

12. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-1-ethyl]-3-(3-diethylamino-1-propyl)-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

13. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-1-ethyl]-3-ethyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

14. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-amino-1-ethyl]-3-(3-diethylamino-1-propyl)-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

15. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-1-ethyl]-3-benzyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

16. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-amino-1-ethyl]-3-benzyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

17. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-(tert-butoxycarbonylamino)-1-ethyl]-3-propyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole

18. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound is 2-[(1R)-2-(4-Benzyloxyphenyl)-1-amino-1-ethyl]-3-propyl-5-(3-diethylamino-1-propoxy)benzimidazole.

19. (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising the compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, excipients, or diluents.

20. (Previously Presented) The pharmaceutical composition of ~~the~~ claim 19, in the form of an oral dosage or parenteral dosage unit.

21. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 19, wherein said compound is administered as a dose in a range from about 0.01 to 500 mg/kg of body weight per day.

22. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 19, wherein said compound is administered as a dose in a range from about 0.1 to 200 mg/kg of body weight per day.

23. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 19, wherein said compound is administered as a dose in a range from about 0.1 to 100 mg/kg of body weight per day.

24. (Original) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 19, further comprising one or more therapeutic agents selected from the group consisting of alkylating agents, antimetabolites, plant alkaloids, antibiotics, hormones, biologic response modifiers, analgesics, NSAIDs, DMARDs, glucocorticoids, sulfonylureas, biguanides, insulin, cholinesterase inhibitors, antipsychotics, antidepressants, and anticonvulsants.

25. (Canceled)

26. (Canceled)

27. (Canceled)

28. (Canceled)

29. (Canceled)

30. (Canceled)

31. (Previously Presented) A method of treating RAGE mediated human diseases comprising administration to a human in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount comprises sufficient compound to at least partially inhibit the binding of a physiological ligand to the RAGE receptor, and wherein the RAGE mediated human disease comprises acute and/or chronic inflammation.

32. (Previously Presented) A method of treating RAGE mediated human diseases comprising administering to a human in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount comprises sufficient compound to at least partially inhibit the binding of a physiological ligand to the RAGE receptor, and wherein the RAGE mediated human disease comprises abnormal vascular permeability.

33. (Previously Presented) A method of treating RAGE mediated human diseases comprising administering to a human in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount comprises sufficient compound to at least partially inhibit the binding of a physiological ligand to the RAGE receptor, and wherein the RAGE mediated human disease comprises nephropathy.

34. (Previously Presented) A method of treating RAGE mediated human diseases comprising administering to a human in need thereof a therapeutically effective

amount of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount comprises sufficient compound to at least partially inhibit the binding of a physiological ligand to the RAGE receptor, and wherein the RAGE mediated human disease comprises atherosclerosis.

35. (Previously Presented) A method of treating RAGE mediated human diseases comprising administering to a human in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount comprises sufficient compound to at least partially inhibit the binding of a physiological ligand to the RAGE receptor, and wherein the RAGE mediated human disease comprises retinopathy.

36. (Previously Presented) A method of treating RAGE mediated human diseases comprising administering to a human in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount comprises sufficient compound to at least partially inhibit the binding of a physiological ligand to the RAGE receptor, and wherein the RAGE mediated human disease comprises Alzheimer's disease.

37. (Previously Presented) A method of treating RAGE mediated human diseases comprising administering to a human in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, wherein a therapeutically effective amount comprises sufficient compound to at least partially inhibit the binding of a physiological ligand to the RAGE receptor, and wherein the RAGE mediated human disease comprises erectile dysfunction.

38. (Canceled)

39. (Previously presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_4$  is

- a) -aryl;
- b) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl;
- c) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaryl; or
- d) -C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxyaryl.